

Number Theory

(Math 281)

Final Exam

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Ali Nesin & Özlem Beyarslan

I. Recall that we proved in class that if p is an odd prime and n any integer, then $(\mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z})^*$ is cyclic.

- a. What is the order of $(\mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z})^*$ if p is a prime?
- b. Show that 2 is a generator of $(\mathbb{Z}/9\mathbb{Z})^*$, $(\mathbb{Z}/125\mathbb{Z})^*$.
- c. Find an odd prime p such that 2 is not a generator of $(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^*$.
- d. Show that $(\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})^*$ and $(\mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z})^*$ are cyclic.
- e. Show that $(\mathbb{Z}/8\mathbb{Z})^*$ is not cyclic.
- f. Show that $(\mathbb{Z}/2^n\mathbb{Z})^*$ is cyclic if and if $n = 0, 1$ or 2 .
- g. For what numbers m is $(\mathbb{Z}/m\mathbb{Z})^*$ cyclic?

II.

- a. Is 4031 a square modulo 4013? (4013 is a prime and $4031 = 29 \times 139$).
- b. For what primes p is 2 a square in the prime field \mathbf{F}_p ?

III. Show that \mathbf{F}_{p^m} is a subfield of \mathbf{F}_{p^n} if and only if m divides n .

IV.

a. Let p be any odd prime. Show that every element of \mathbf{F}_p is a square in the field \mathbf{F}_{p^2} . (**Hint:** Up to isomorphism, there is only one field of a given finite cardinality).

b. Show that 2 is a square in the field \mathbf{F}_{p^n} (p odd) iff either 2 is a square in \mathbf{F}_p or n is even. (**Hint:** Use IVa and II).