# Math 232 <br> (Linear Algebra) 

Midterm 2 for CS majors
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I. Are the following sets vector spaces over $\mathbb{R}$ ?
a. $A=\{f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}: f(x) \geq 0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
b. $B=\{f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}: f(x)=0$ for all $x \geq 0\}$
c. $C=\left\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^{3}: x+y+z \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}$
d. $D=\left\{\left(x, x^{2}\right) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}: x \in \mathbb{R}\right\}$

Justify your answers.
II. Find a basis of the following vector space:

$$
\left\{(2 z, x-y, x-y, z+t, z-t, u+x-y) \in \mathbb{R}^{6}: x+y+z+t+u=0\right\} .
$$

III. Find the general form of a vector of the subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ generated by the vectors

$$
\begin{aligned}
& v_{1}=(1,2,3,1) \\
& v_{2}=(1,2,3,2) \\
& v_{3}=(1,2,3,-1)
\end{aligned}
$$

IV. Let $f: \mathbb{R}^{3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{4}$ be defined by $f(x, y, z)=(x-y, 0,2 x-2 y, x-y-2 z)$.
IV.1. Show that $f$ is a linear map.
IV.2. Find a basis of $\operatorname{Im}(f)$.
IV.3. Find a basis of $\operatorname{Ker}(f)$.
V. Let $W=\{(x-y, x-y+z, z, 0,2 z): x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}\} . W$ is a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{5}$. Find a basis of the quotient space $\mathbb{R}^{5} / W$.
VI. Let $f: V \rightarrow W$ be a linear map between two vector spaces $V$ and $W$.
VI.1. Show that if $v_{1}, \ldots, v_{n} \in V$ are such that $f\left(v_{1}\right), \ldots, f\left(v_{n}\right)$ are linearly independent, then $v_{1}, \ldots, v_{n}$ are also linearly independent.
IV.2. Conclude that $\operatorname{dim} V \geq \operatorname{dim} f(V)$.

