

## Second Midterm

### Math 111

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**Notation:**  $\mathbb{N}$  denotes the set of natural numbers.  $\mathbb{Z}$  denotes the set of integers.  $\mathbb{R}$  denotes the set of real numbers. If  $X$  is a set,  $\wp(X)$  denotes the set of subsets of  $X$  and  $\text{Id}_X$  denotes the identity map on  $X$ , i.e.  $\text{Id}_X(x) = x$  for all  $x \in X$ . The symbol  $f \circ g$  denotes the composition of the functions  $f$  and  $g$  whenever it makes sense; thus  $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$ . The symbol  $f^2$  denotes the function  $f \circ f$  whenever it makes sense.

1. Write all the elements of  $\wp(\wp(\{1,2\}))$ .
2. Does the following sets have a maximal and a minimal element (for the inclusion)?

- a)  $\{x \in \wp(\mathbb{N}) : 1 \in x, 2 \notin x\}$
- b)  $\{x \in \wp(\mathbb{N}) : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} \forall m > n (m \notin x)\}$
- c)  $\{x \in \wp(\wp(\mathbb{N})) : a \mathbb{N} \in x \text{ for all } a \in \mathbb{N}\}$

3. Find all the bijections  $f$  of the set 4 for which  $f^3 = \text{Id}_4$ .

4. Find all the bijections  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  for which

$$x < y \Rightarrow f(x) < f(y)$$

for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$ .

5. Let  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$  be given by  $f(x) = x - x^2$  and  $g : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be given by  $g(x) = x/(1+x^2)$ . Compute  $(g \circ f)(3)$ . For what values of  $x$ , does  $(g \circ f)(x) \geq 0$ ?

6. Let  $X$  be a set and  $f : X \rightarrow X$  be a function such that  $f^2$  is a bijection. Show that  $f$  is a bijection.

7. Give an example of a nonconstant function  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  such that  $f \neq \text{Id}_{\mathbb{N}}$  and  $f^2 = f$ .

8. Show that for any nonzero natural number  $n$ ,

$$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{7} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n-1} \frac{1}{2n+1} = \frac{n}{2n+1}$$

9. Let  $A, B, C$  be three sets. Show that  $(A \cap C) \setminus (B \cap C) \subseteq A \setminus B$ .

10. Let  $X$  be a set. A set  $Y$  is said to be a **choice set** for  $X$ , if for any  $x \in X$  there is a unique element  $y \in Y$  such that  $y \in x$ . Find a choice set for  $X = \{\{0,1\}, \{1,2\}\}$ . Find a set  $X$  which has no choice function.