

# Math 151

## Exercises (quiz)

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Justify all your answers. A nonjustified answer will not receive any grade whatsoever, even if the answer is correct. DO NOT use symbols such as  $\forall$ ,  $\exists$ ,  $\Rightarrow$ . Make full sentences with correct punctuation.

- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a convergent sequence of real numbers.
  - Does the sequence  $(a_{2n})_n$  converge necessarily?
  - Assume  $a_n \neq 0$  for all  $n$ . Does the sequence  $(a_n/a_{n+1})_n$  converge necessarily?
- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a convergent sequence of real numbers. Suppose that  $a_n \in \mathbb{Z}$  for all  $n$ . Prove or disprove:  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n \in \mathbb{Z}$ .
- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a convergent sequence of real numbers. Suppose that  $5a_n/2 \in \mathbb{N}$  for all  $n$ . What can you say about  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$ ?
- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a sequence of real numbers such that the sequence  $(a_n^2)_n$  converges to 0. Does the sequence  $(a_n)_n$  converge necessarily?
- Find the following limits and prove your result using only the definition.
  - $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n-5}{5n+2}$
  - $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2-5}{-5n+2}$
  - $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2-5}{n^3+2}$

**Note:** A sequence  $(a_n)_n$  of real numbers is said to *converge to infinity* if for all  $A$  there is an  $N$  such that if  $n > N$  then  $a_n > A$ .
- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a sequence of real numbers such that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \infty$ . Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_{2n} = \infty$ ?
- Let  $(a_n)_n$  be a sequence of nonnegative real numbers. Suppose that the sequence  $(a_n^2)_n$  converges to  $a$ . Show that the sequence  $(a_n)_n$  converges to  $\sqrt{a}$ .