## IBU Math 121 Final Exam Ali Nesin June 10<sup>th</sup>,1998

**1. (12 points).** Differentiate the following functions:  $\arctan x$ ,  $\frac{\sin x}{e^{x^2}}$ ,  $\sin^3(x^2)$ 

**2.** (8 points). Express sin(arctan *x*) and tan(arcsin *x*) as algebraic functions.

3. (12 points). Integrate

 $\int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos x dx, \quad \int \frac{\sin(\ln x)}{x} dx, \quad \int \cos(\ln x) dx \quad (\text{Hint: For the last one, apply}$ 

integration by parts twice).

**4.** (15 points). Graph the function  $f(x) = x/e^x$  with care.

**5.** (5 points). Let *f* be real-valued a function defined on an interval containing 0. Assuming that  $1 \le f'(x) \le 2$  and f(0) = 0, show that  $x \le f(x) \le 2x$  for all *x* in the domain of definition.

**6.** Let x > 0 and  $a_n = x^n/n!$ 

**6a.** (4 points). Show that the sequence  $(a_n)_n$  is decreasing after a while.

**6b.** (8 points). Show that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n = 0$ . (Hint: Find an algebraic relation between  $a_n$  and  $a_{n+1}$ ).

**6c.** (4 points). Conclude that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} x^n / (n-1)! = 0$ 

**7a.** (8 points). Let  $a_n \ge 0$ . Assume that for some  $r \in (0,1)$ ,  $a_{n+1} < r a_n$  for large enough *n*. Deduce that the series  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i$  is convergent<sup>1</sup>. (Hint: Show that the partial sums  $\sum_{i=0}^{n} a_i$  form an increasing and bounded sequence after a while).

**7b.** (8 points). Let  $a_n$  be real numbers. Show that if the series  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} |a_i|$  is convergent, then so is  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i$ . (Hint: Show that the partial sums form a Cauchy sequence).

7c. (8 points). Conclude from parts a and b that the series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n / n!$  is convergent for all real numbers x.

7d. (8 points). Let  $\exp(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n / n!$  Show that  $\exp(x) \exp(y) = \exp(x + y).$ 

<sup>1</sup> Recall that  $\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i$  means  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=0}^{n} a_i$ .